

NAROO-sat: issues, prospects and requirements

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IMCCE

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Outline

- Artificial satellites
- Link with NAROO

50 years since the beginning of the space era

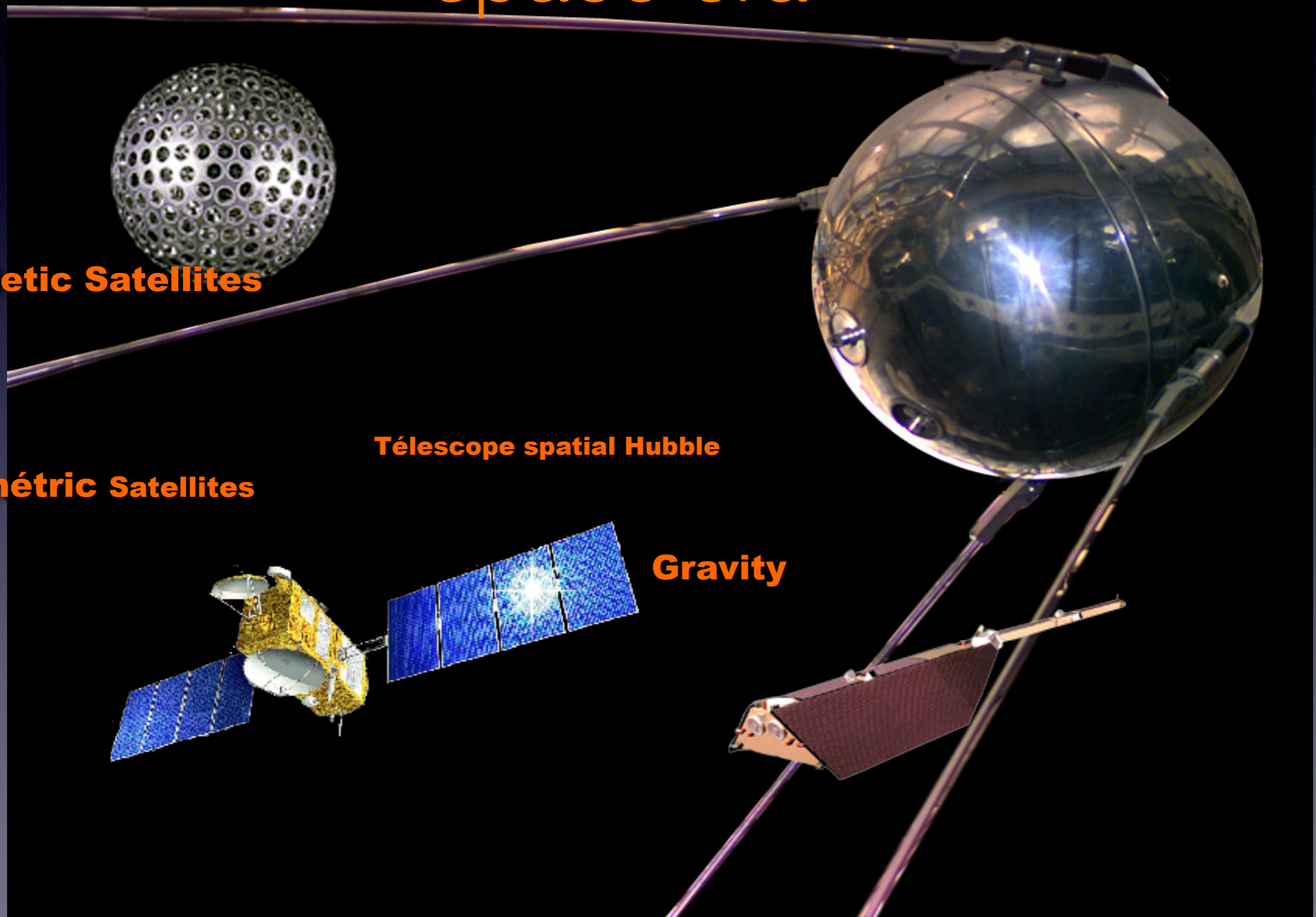
Geodetic Satellites



Télescope spatial Hubble

Gravity

Altimétric Satellites

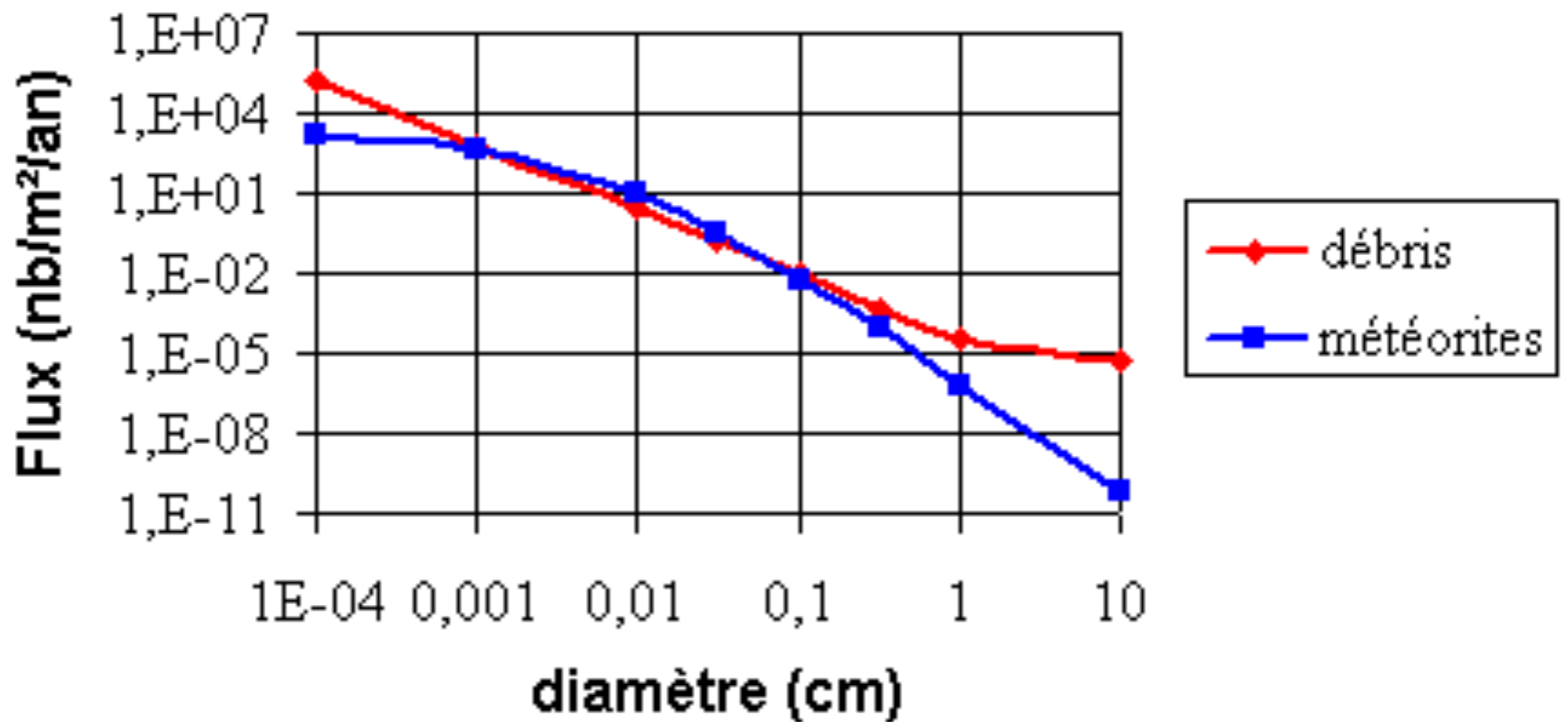


Space environment of the Earth



Meteors/ space debris

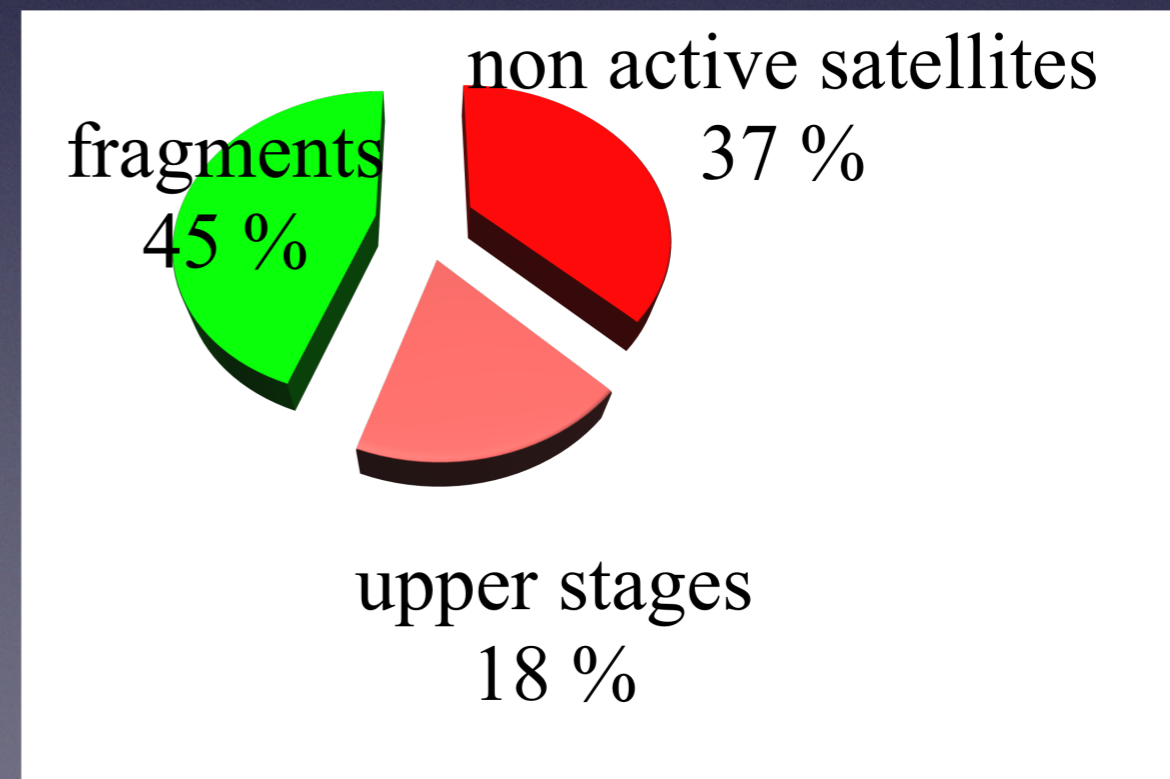
Flux de débris et de météorites



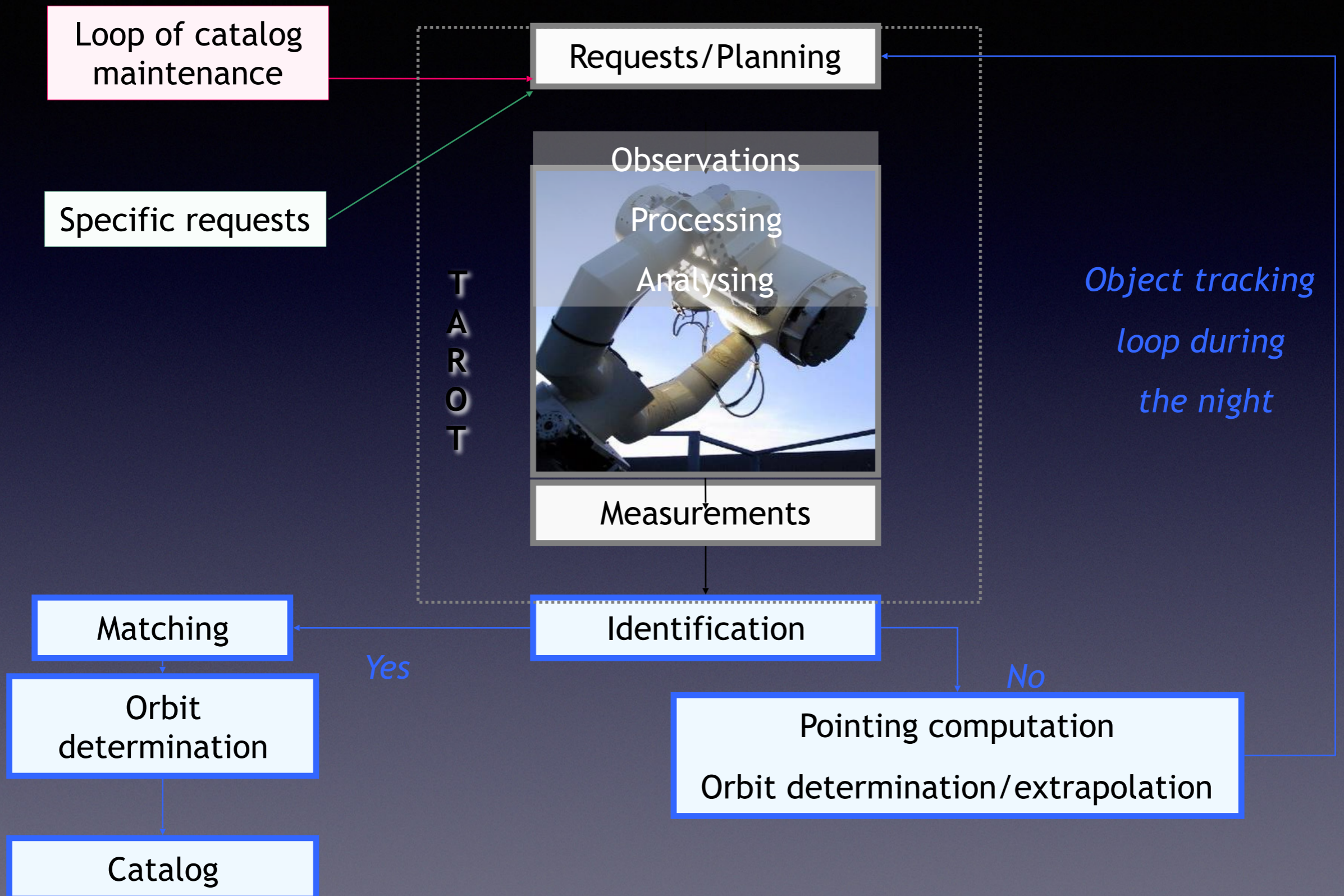
Number of objects

- Since 1957:
 - 25000 orbital objects
 - Atmosphere re-entry: 16000
 - Catalogued: 9000 (500 active)
 - 94% of space debris
- 100 launches / year, 200 new catalogued objects each year

	Number	Number(%)	Mass(%)
>10 cm	~10 000	0,02%	99,93%
1-10 cm	~200 000	0,31%	0,035%
0,1-1 cm	~35 000 000	99,67%	0,035%
Total	~35 000 000	100%	4 800 000kg



OPTICAL OBSERVATIONS OF DEBRIS

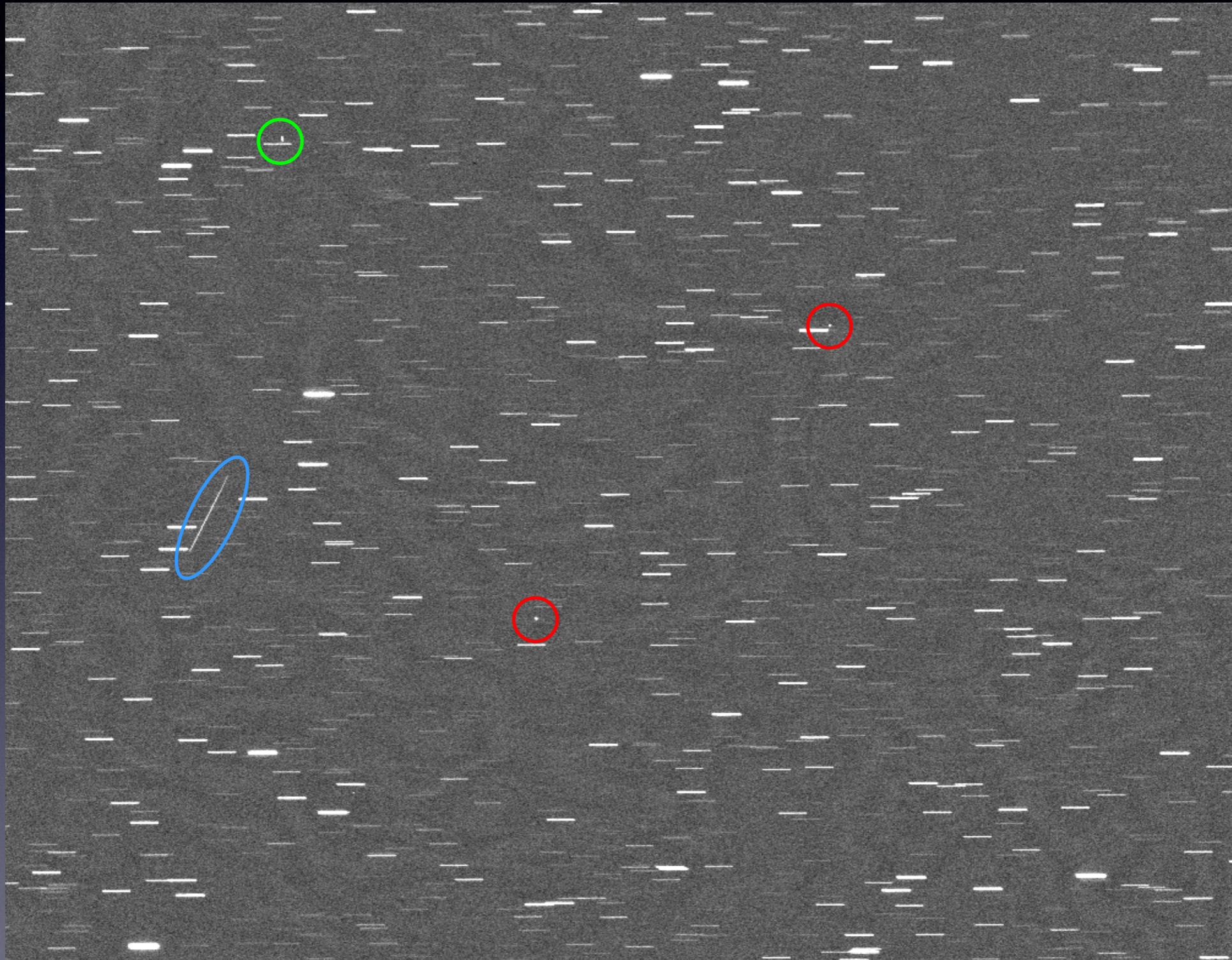


Artificial satellites detection on astronomical images

VARIOUS OBSERVATIONAL CONDITIONS (TAROT)

~2 deg FOV

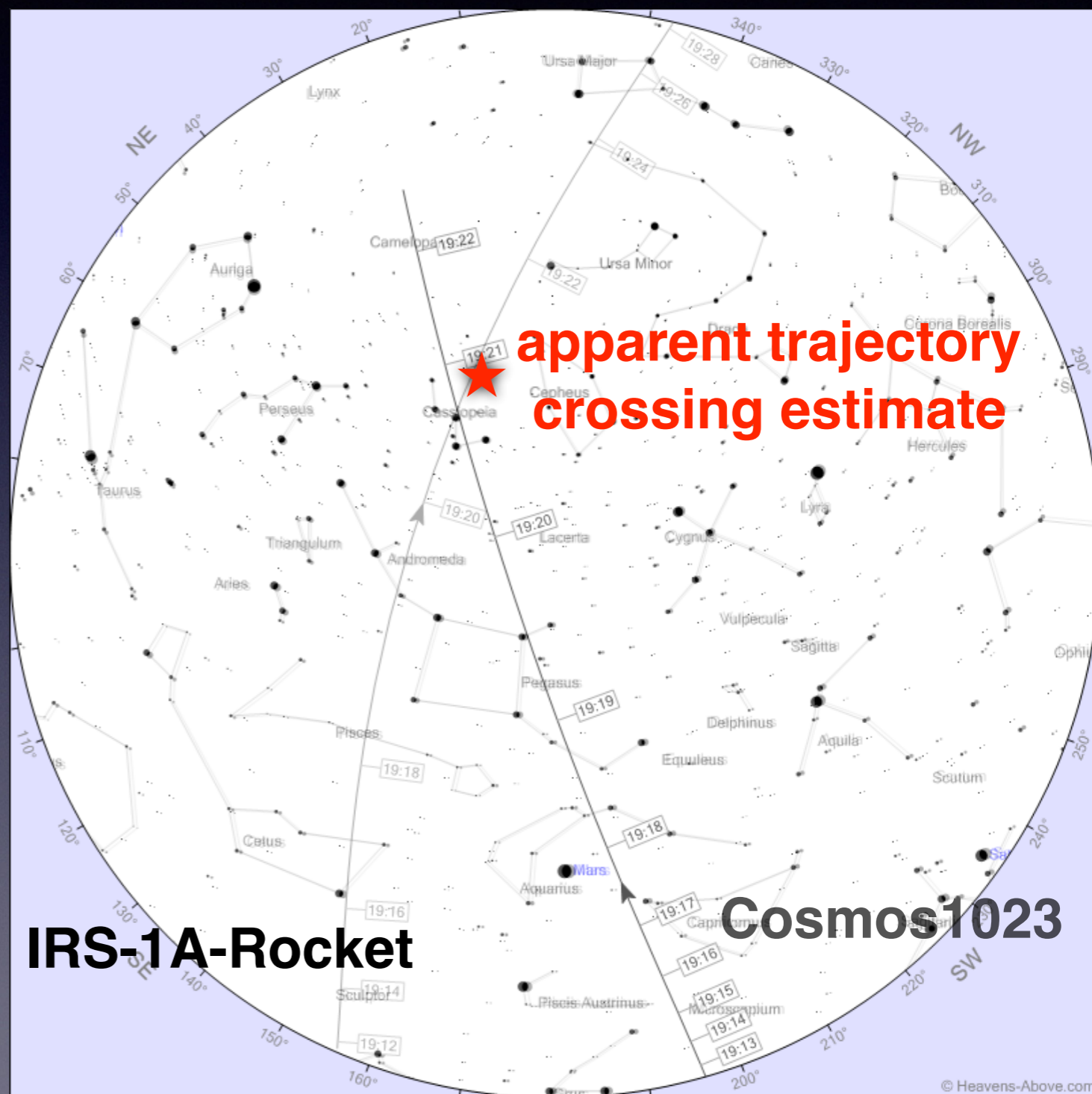
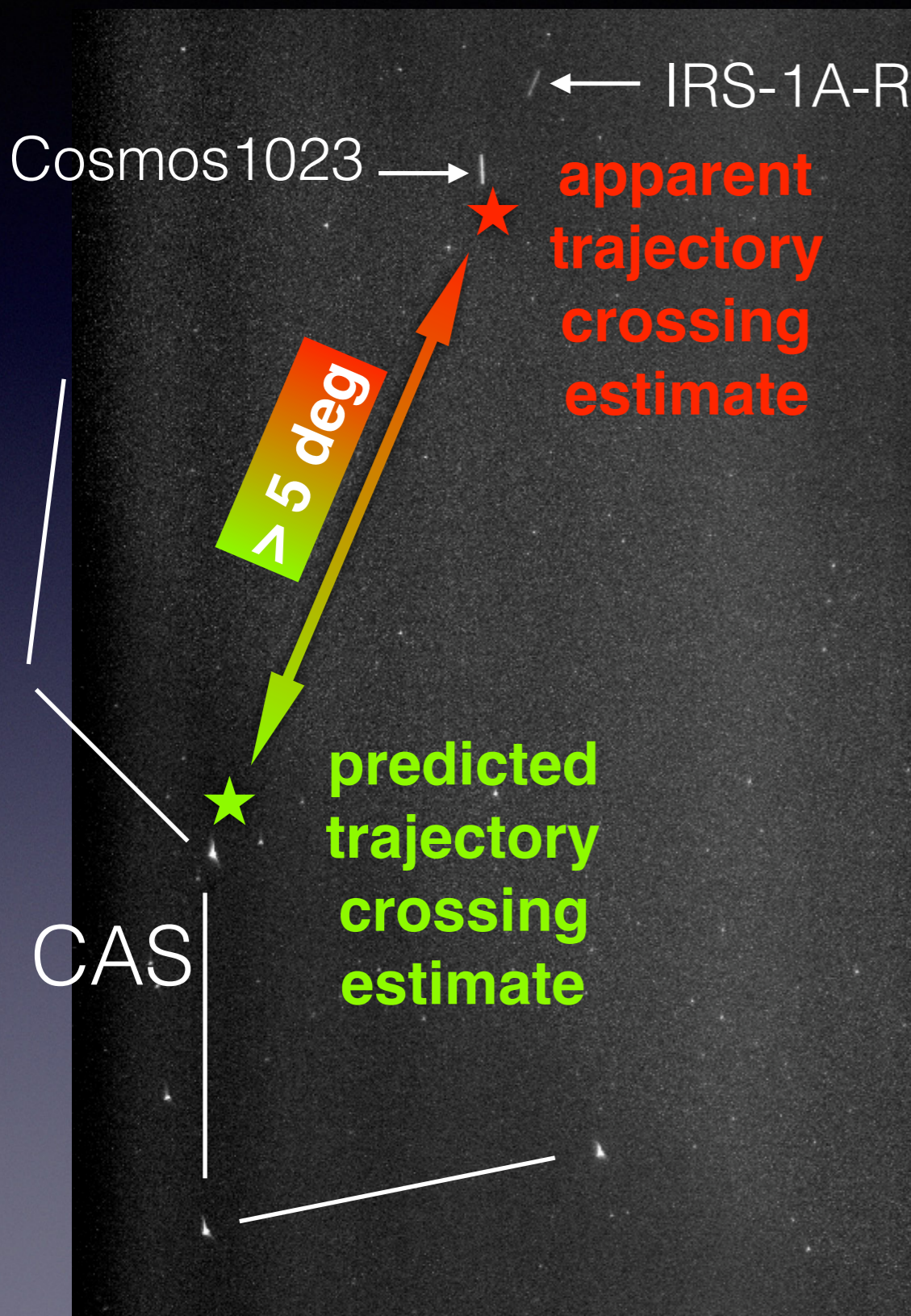
2 GEO
1 GTO
1 MEO



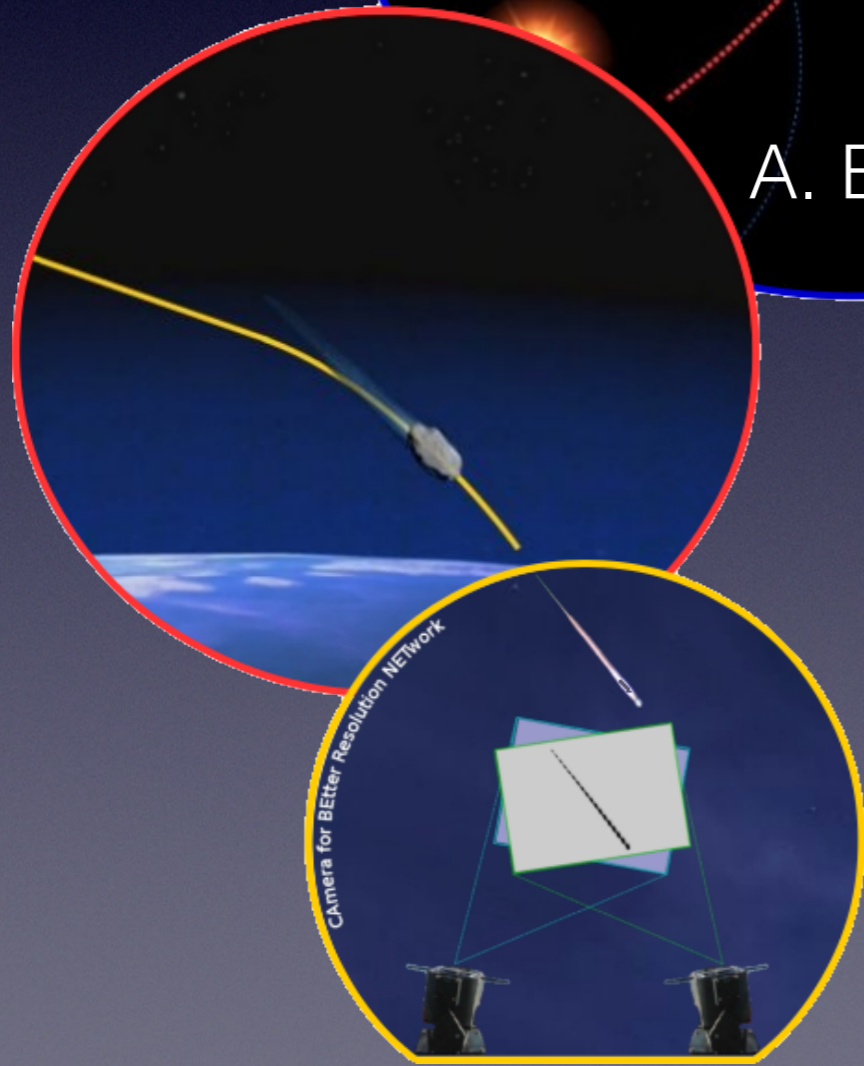
Courtesy of M. Laas-Bourez

Observations vs predictions

Observation from Montsec with CABERNET camera, 2018/11/25 18:21:09 UT



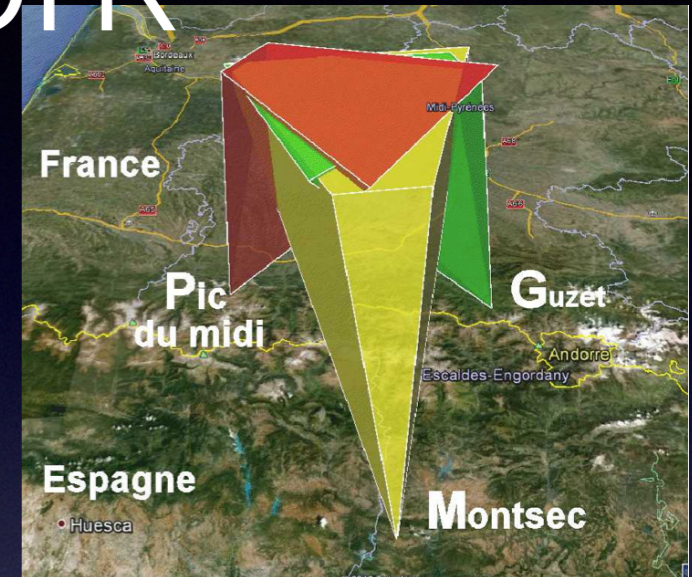
CAMERA for BETTER Resolution NETWORK



A. Egal

A. Egal

3 stations
40x27 deg²
1 pixel=36''
100 Hz shutter



Technique: LH1 1000 camera



4000x2700 pixels
1 s exp. time
100 Hz shutter

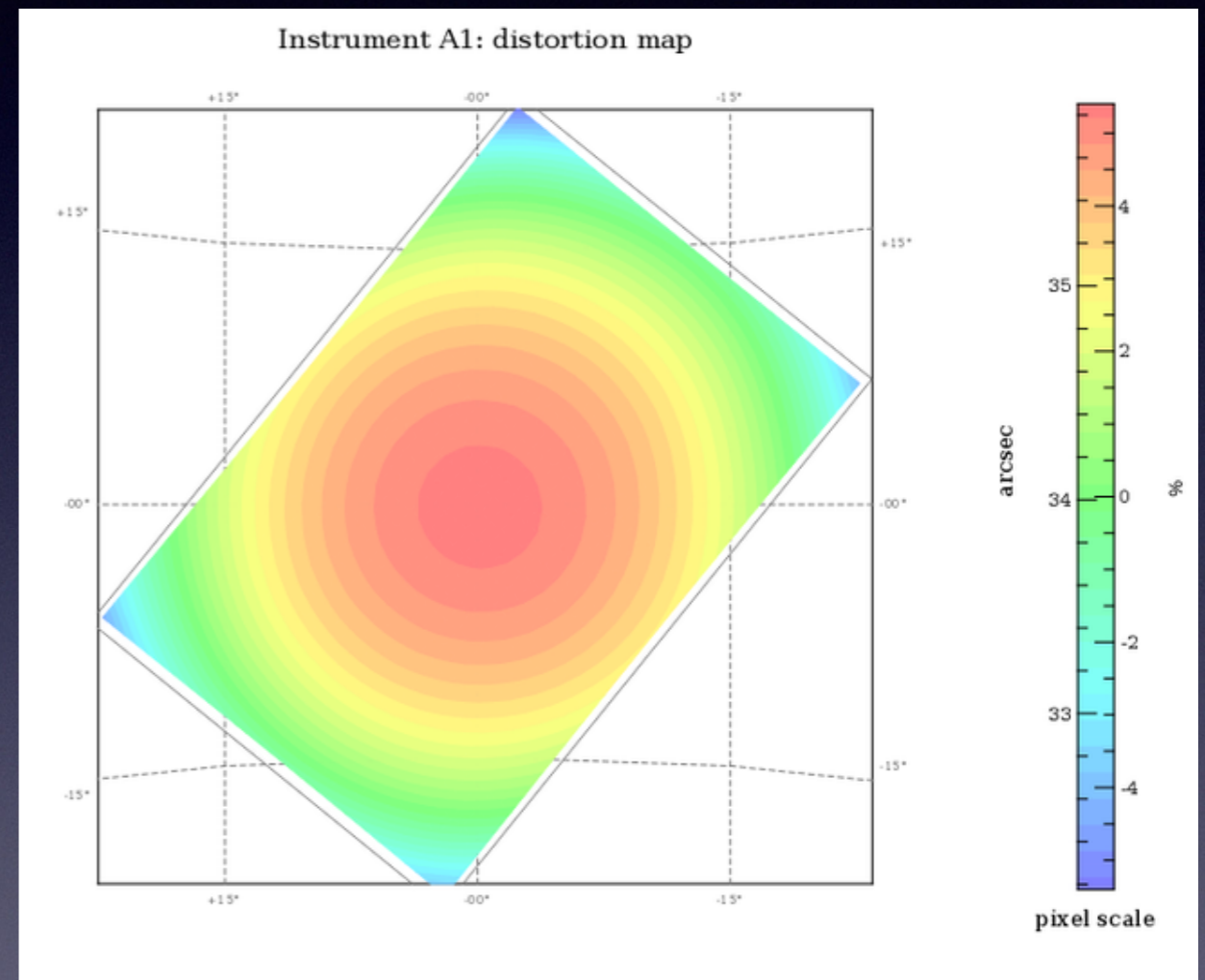
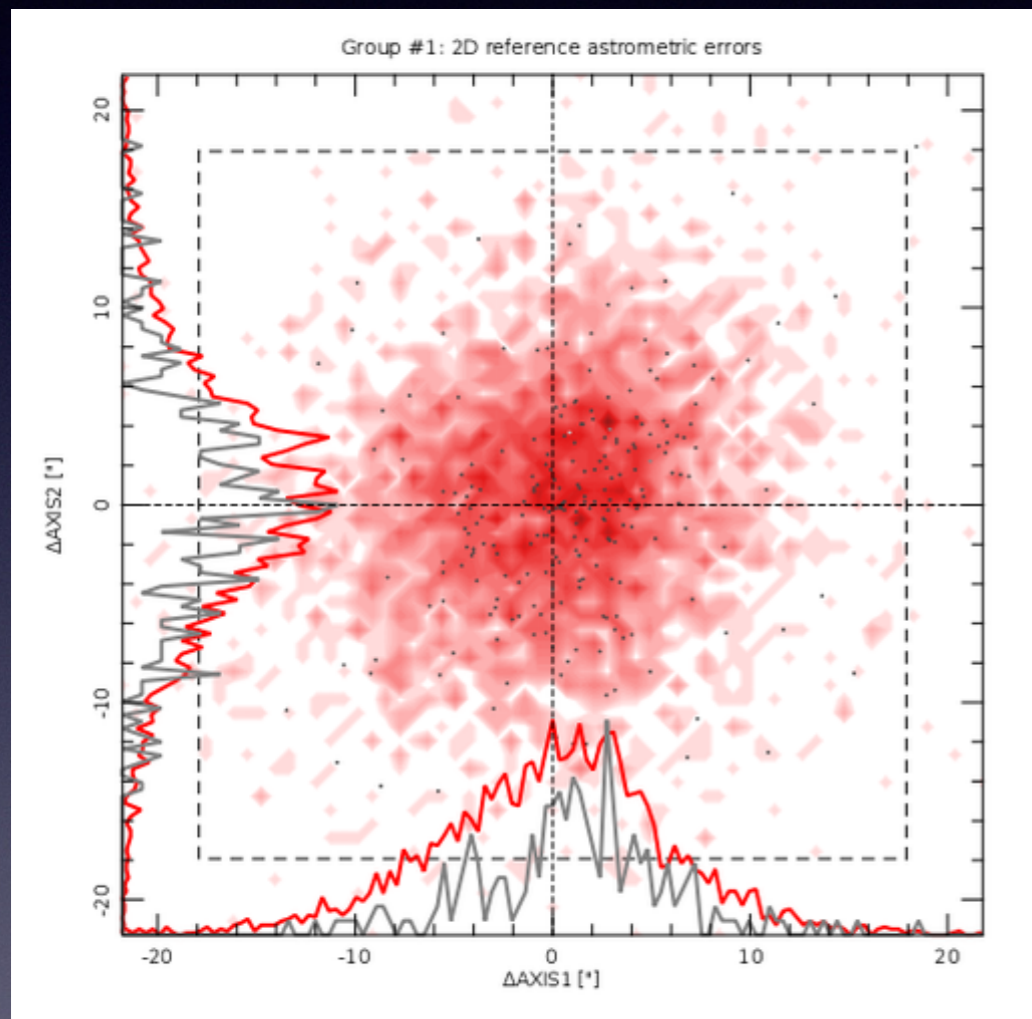


J.Vaubailon, IMCCE

Astrometry

Goal: 1/10 pixel=3.6''

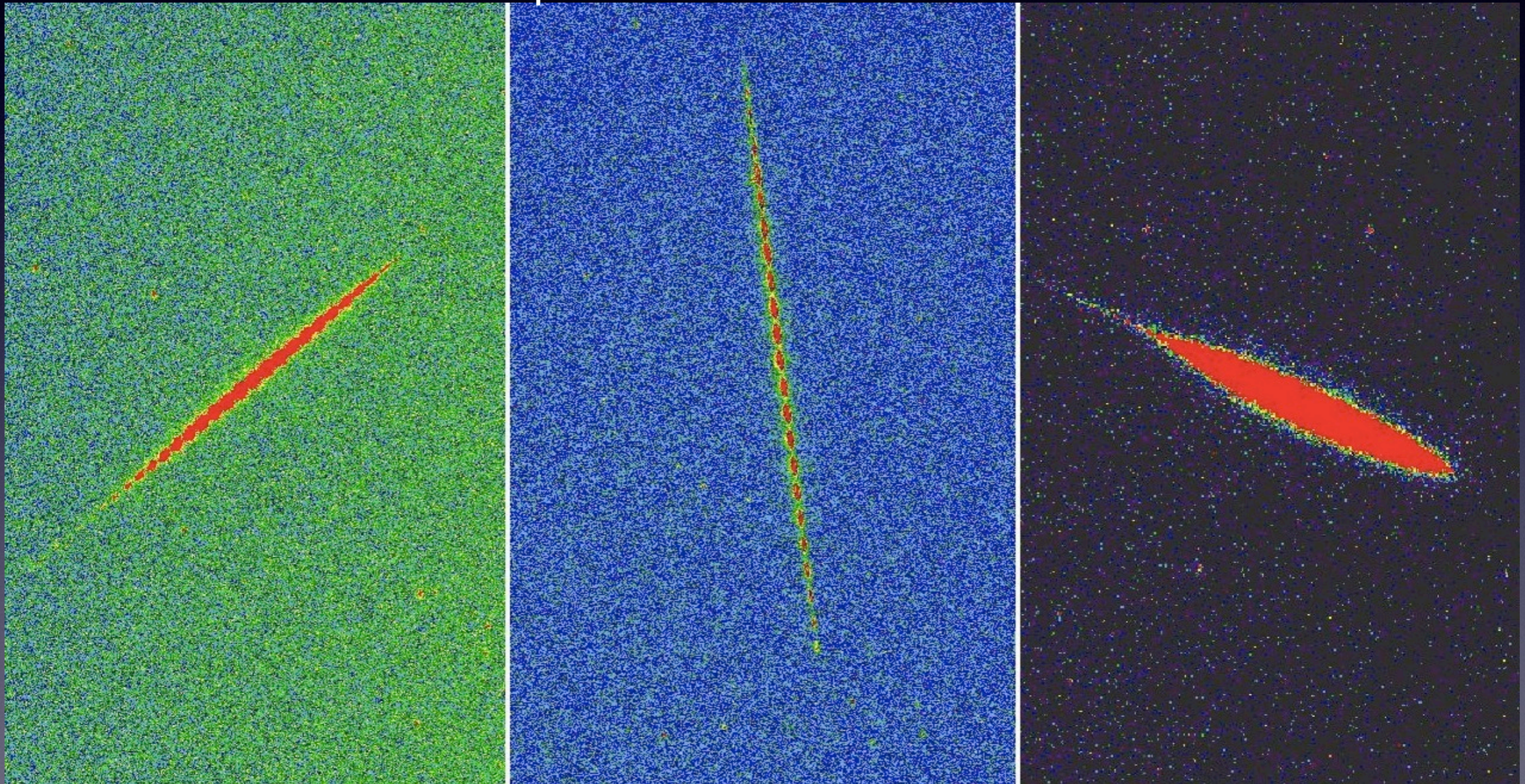
distortion map



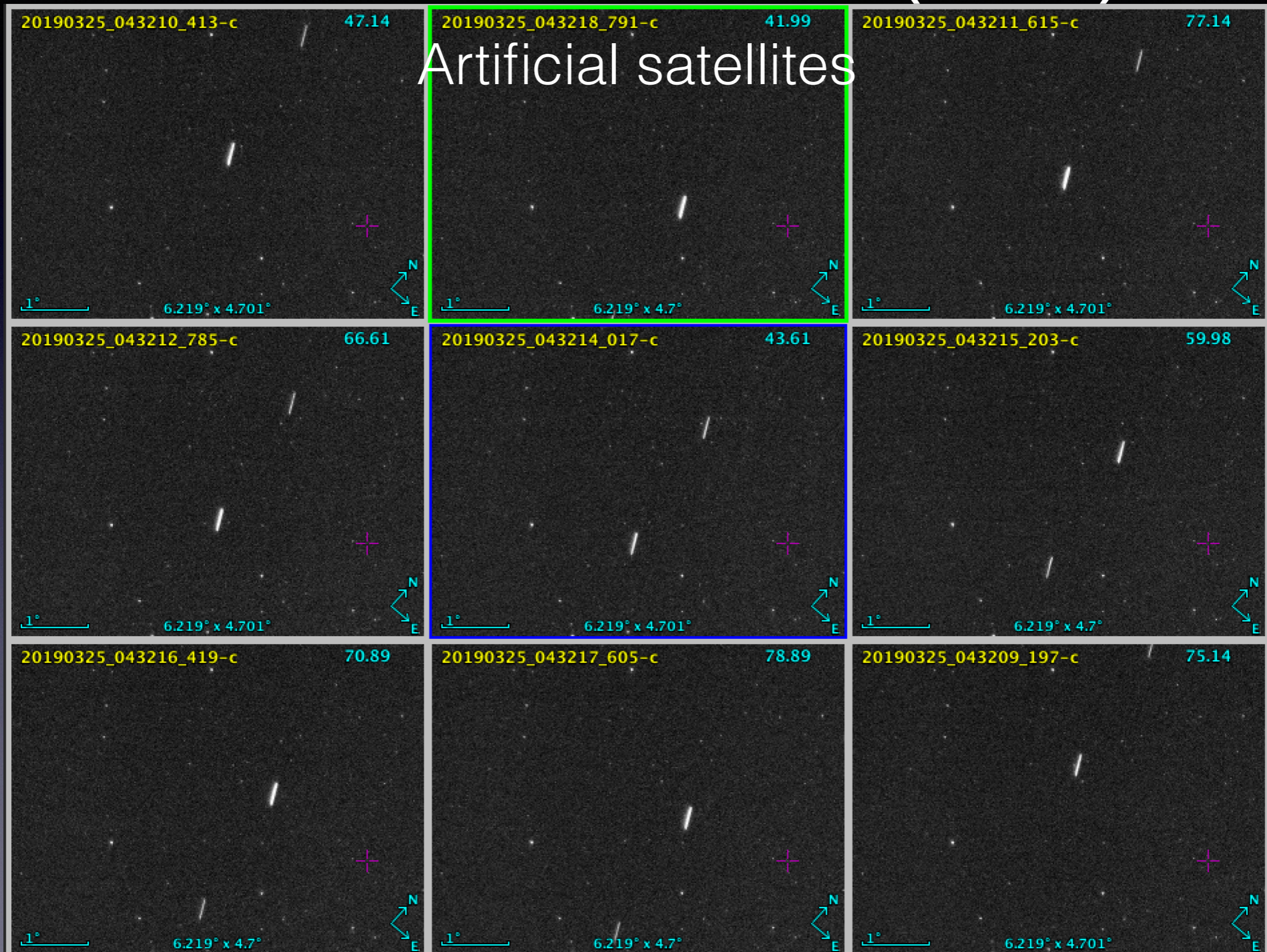
Extensive use of: SExtractor, PSFex & SCAMP
(E. Bertin, C. Marmo - IAP)

Observations (1/2)

Triple-station Meteor



Observations (2/2)



On-going work

- Detection of artificial satellites in CABERNET data
- Cross correlation, and identification
 - (quasi-) real time and data mining
- Towards a new generalized method (< DOCT-PODET)

NAROO-sat

- Observe artificial satellite in the past (>1957...)
- Improve our knowledge of artificial satellite:
 - dynamics
 - flux
 - space environment

Scientific objectives

- Individual objects
 - Dynamics up to 50 years
 - Correlation with catalogs (and improvement)
 - Predictability of unpredictable events: solar activity, resonance effects
- Dynamics of the population
 - Size of the population (regions, number of objects), evolution with time
 - Correlation / uncorrelation with existing catalogs
 - Probability of collisions
 - Statistics (to be improved with time)
- Space environment
 - Orbit decay
 - Reference frame issues

How to?

- Measure location (track) of satellite or meteor in “old” photographic plate
- Identify the object
- Link it to subsequent orbit
- do science : dynamics, statistics on number of objects

Conclusion

- Observation of meteors & artificial satellite on-going at IMCCE
- Need for “old” (>1957) photographic records: NAROO-sat